***Samenvatting Engels Unit 2 & Unit 3***

**Page 17 # 1**

**6 types of books:**

1. A modern romance;
2. An autobiography;
3. A fantasy;
4. A classical drama;
5. A thriller;
6. A travel story.

**Page 18 # 3.4**

Cheery = cheerful

Chewing = his mouth full

Heaving = about to burst

Spilling guts = spreading over the floor

Spirals gracefully = goes round in circular motion

Abandoned = unwanted

Tucked away = hidden

**Page 20 # 7**

Unconventional = don’t stick to habits, free

Childlike = behave like a child

Distracted = confused

Encouraging = stimulating

Loveable = sweet

Supportive = helping

Gentle = kind

Dispirited = discouraged

Loving = sweetheart, someone you love very much

Bewildered = embezzled

Cheerful = in high spirits, optimistic

Considerate = attentive

**Page 20 # 8**

To whisk somebody (away) = to take somebody somewhere quickly

Rumour = information that is possibly not true

Prolific = very productive

Gloomy = dark and sad

Top notch = high quality

Crafty = clever in an indirect way

To beckon somebody = to gesture to somebody to come here

Unsteady = likely to fall

To scrabble = to feel about roughly with the fingers

To paw = to use your hands like an animal

**Page 21 # *Grammar Literal/metaphorical***

My sister is always *taking in* stray cats = she takes them into her house.

These trousers are too big. I need to *take* them *in* = I need to make them smaller.

She was completely *taken in* by his lies = he lied and she believed all his lies.

She likes to *take in* a gallery or two when she’s in London = she wants to visit a gallery or two..

They had so much news that I couldn’t *take* it all i*n* = I couldn’t understand it all.

There’s a glass *tucked away* under each armchair = hidden.

There are rumours that she has *given up* writing = stopped.

In the past you’ve *worked* the novel *out* in advance = thought about.

He *heads off* to the kitchen to make coffee = going to.

I may get better. I expect *something will turn up* = will occur.

(the brain) can *come up against* a block = in conflict with.

**Page 21 # 1**

**Give away – give up**

1. ‘Guess how old I am. ‘ ‘I give up. You’ll have to tell me.’
2. They are giving away a free CD with next month’s magazine.
3. He tried to disguise himself, but I knew it was him. His voice gave him away.
4. He handed his gun to the police officer and gave himself up.

**Work out – work up**

1. I can’t work out how to start this machine.
2. She has worked herself up into a terrible state about the exam next week.
3. All this physical works makes you work up an appetite.
4. I keep fit by working out regularly at the gym.

**Put down – put up**

1. Stay with us. We can easily put you up for the night.
2. Let me put that date down in my diary or I’ll forget it.
3. The shop has just put up all its prices. I’m not going back.
4. He has a way of always putting me down, and I feel so foolish.

**Get on with – get up to**

1. The kids are very quiet. I wonder what they are getting up to.
2. What page did we get up to in the last lesson?
3. How are you getting on with your husband’s family?
4. How did you all get on with last night’s homework?

**Go down with – go in for**

1. I can’t understand why people go in for a career in politics.
2. I keep sneezing. I think I go down with a cold.
3. Her last novel went down badly with the critics.
4. Our family goes in for big celebrations at Christmas.

**Page 21 # 2**

1. I wrote a letter/ I wrote down his address.
* Take a short note.
1. I saw her at the station/ I saw her off at the station.
* Waving goodbye.
1. You used my toothpaste/you’ve used up all the toothpaste.
* It’s gone.

**Page 21 # 3**

* + - 1. My daughter spends the whole day *lying around* in front of the telly (rondhangen).
			2. *Keep away* from me. I’ve got a cold (blijf weg).
			3. You told the teacher I cheated! I’ll *get* you *back* for that! Just wait (terugpakken)!
			4. My tooth started hurting as the effects of the painkiller *wore off* (uitwerken).
			5. We’re off! *Hold on* tight (houd je vast)!
			6. *Go over* your homework carefully before you *hand* it *in* (overkijken/inleveren).
			7. The students were very quiet, *working away* on their computers (erop los werken).
			8. My son’s a total mystery for me. I can’t *get through* to him at all (bereiken).
			9. You didn’t believe what he said, did you? He *made* the whole thing *up* (verzinnen).
			10. Have you *settled into* your new flat yet (thuisvoelen)?

**Page 23 # 4.8**

Reserved = controlled, calm

Witty = humorous

Courteous = good manners

Aristocratic = high-class, noble

Prejudiced = full of negative comments of somebody/something

Haughty = arrogant

Snobbish = do as if you are important

Earnest = serious

Patronizing = looking down on somebody

Overbearing = arrogant

Inarticulate = problems to express yourself

Timid = shy

Arrogant = haughty

**Page 23 # 6** – *De synoniemen zijn woorden uit de tekst die erbij hoorde, dus je moet eigenlijk de context erbij lezen.*

1. Lazy = idle;
2. Interferes = tamper
3. As far as I can *see* = make out

People who hunt animals illegally = poachers

Who earn money from it = who make anything out of it

1. Innocent = unspoiled

Live = reside

1. Deceased = late

With = of

Kind and generous personality = charitable and kindly disposition

1. Where = in what locality

Find = come across

1. Not important = immaterial
2. Admit = confess

Confused = bewildered

1. Reared = bred

Show no respect = display a contempt

1. Raised = brought up

**Page 24 # 1**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Active** | **Simple** | **Continuous** |
| Present | Have | Are being |
| Past  | Didn’t recognize | Was living |
| Future | Will be | Will be doing |
| Present Perfect | Have seen | Have been doing |
| Past Perfect | Had realized | Had been lying |
| Future Perfect | Will have lived | Will have been living |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Passive** | **Simple** | **Continuous** |
| Present | Is used | Is being used |
| Past | Was found | Was being cleaned |
| Future | Will be found | - |
| Present Perfect | Have been silenced | - |
| Past Perfect | Had been rebuilt | - |
| Future Perfect | Will have been rebuilt | - |

**Page 24 # 2** – *From simple to continuous and the other way around*

1. Everyone’s very nice to me. I don’t know why.
* Everyone’s being nice to me 🡪 I wonder why.
1. I’ll see Luis later.
* I will be seeing Luis later 🡪 Appointment
1. I’ve cut my finger. It’s really hurting.
* It really hurts 🡪 Result of an action in the past.
1. David always gives Pam expensive presents.
* David always is giving... 🡪 Annoying.
1. What do you do?
* What are you doing? 🡪 At this moment.
* What do you do? 🡪 Just ask for info.
1. He fired a gun.
* He was firing a gun 🡪 Progress in the past.
* He fired a gun 🡪 Finished action.
1. She was dying.
* Died 🡪 Finished action
* Dying 🡪 Progress in the past.
1. I’ve been checking my emails.
* I have checked my emails 🡪 Finished action.
1. The train leaves in five minutes.
* The train is leaving 🡪 Personal diary.
* Leaves 🡪 Timetable future.
1. That room is used as a study.
* Is being used 🡪 At this moment.
* Is used 🡪 always true.

**Page 24 # 3**

They’ve been married for thirty years 🡪 They still are married.

They were married for thirty years 🡪 They aren’t married anymore.

I come from Scotland 🡪 Scotland is your native country.

I’ve come from Scotland 🡪 You just came back from Scotland.

When I’ve talked to him, I’ll tell you 🡪 After I’ve talked to him, I’ll tell you.

When I talk to him, I’ll tell him 🡪 At the same moment.

The arrangements will be finalized on Friday 🡪 Future fact.

The arrangements will have been finalized by Friday 🡪 Between now and before Friday.

Did you ever meet my grandfather? 🡪 In the past.

Have you ever met my grandfather? 🡪 Grandfather is still alive.

I wish I knew the way 🡪 Unreal present.

I wish I’d known the way 🡪 Regret.

**Page 28 # 5**

Men in suits = business men

Drained and stressed = exhausted and under pressure

Ironic = dry, ironical

Labour –saving devices in our lives = gadgets

Gadgets = devices

Hassling = always demanding

Goes into stalemate = fixed position

Need is the miracle that keeps the engines of expansion = magic solution

Expansion = extension

Hunger that cannot be *satiated* = satisfied

This ecstasy of consumption = wonderful feeling of spending

Break the cycle (is hier *cyclus*) = interrupt the circle

Oblivious to the impact of our own behaviour = unaware of the influence

**Page 30 # 1** – *Describing trends (inflatie, geldprijzen etc.)*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Going up** | **Going down** |
| To soar | To tumble |
| To shoot up | To slump |
| To leap | To plunge |
| To pick up | To plummet |

**Page 30 # 2**

Slight = een beetje;

Gradual = geleidelijk;

Steady = gelijkmatig;

Substantial = heel veel;

Level out = niet meer omhoog of naar beneden gaan.

**Page 32 # 1**

* I *desperately*  need a holiday (wanhopig graag)
* The return of the actor Donald Bennett to the stage is *eagerly* awaited (verlangend).
* I work with a *highly*-motivated sales team.
* It is *virtually* impossible to get away from the mobile phone these days (praktisch, bijna).
* Bad weather *severely* affected the roads this weekend (hevig).
* The speech seemed to go on i*nterminably*, but in fact it was only 30 minutes (oneindig).
* I hate cold climates. I am *sorely* tempted to emigrate somewhere warm (erg).
* I *distinctly* remember you telling me not to phone before 2 p.m. (duidelijk, beslist).
* Having worked conscientiously for the same firm for forty years, he was awarded a golden watch (nauwgezet).
* In her anger she hit him. Later she *deeply* regretted this (ten zeerste).
* Two people escaped unhurt in the accident, but the third person was *fatally* injured (fataal).
* She made her views on that subject *perfectly* clear (perfect).

**Page 32 # 2** – *Matched verbs and adverbs*

* Scream hysterically.
* Gaze (staren) longingly.
* Love passionately.
* Break something deliberately (expres).
* Work conscientiously (nauwgezet).
* Apologize profusely (zich uitputten in verontschuldigingen).

**Page 32 # 3** - *Adverbs*

We all work extremely *hard*. – Some countries can *hardly* feed their own people.

Manchester won the match *easily*. – Relax! Take it *easy*!

I hate it when people arrive *late*. – What have you been doing *lately*?

‘Can you lend me some money?’’*Sure*.’ – *Surely* you can see that your plan just wouldn’t work?

He was *wrongly* accused of being a spy. – At first everything went great, but then it all went *wrong*.

He talked *freely* about his criminal past. – The prisoner walked *free* after twenty years in jail.

What do you like *most* about me? – She worked wherever she could, *mostly* in restaurants.

She has travelled *widely* in Europe and Asia. – When I got home, the door was *wide* open.

**Page 33 # 4** – *The adverb ‘just’*

* A new pair of socks for me! That’s just (exactly) what I wanted!
* ‘Who’s that?’ ‘Don’t worry, it’s just (only) me.’
* You’re just (equally) as beautiful as your sister.
* I’m just (right away) putting the kettle on. Would you like a coffee?
* I just caught the train with seconds to spare.
* I wish you’d just (simply) listen to me for once!
* ‘I don’t know what to do. ‘Why don’t you just (simply) wait and see what happens?’
* We’re just (almost) about out of sugar.
* Just (simply) look at the children! Aren’t they cute?
* ‘What’s the matter?’ ‘I don’t know. It’s just (simply)... it’s just that I find it difficult to talk to you sometimes.

**Page 120 # 5** – *Report writing*

‘It makes no difference to me if the display screen is in colour.’

*People commented that the colour display screen made no difference.*

‘I don’t use the voice recorder – to be honest I don’t know how to!’

*The voice recorder was said to be too complicated.*

‘I prefer sending text messages to making a call. They’re a lot cheaper.’

*Text messages were thought to be better value for money than making a phone call.*

‘I don’t care about the gadgets. I just want a phone that’s reliable.’

*Some gadgets were felt to be unimportant.*

‘The battery doesn’t last very long. It’s a real pain having to recharge it all the time!’

*There were some complaints that recharging the battery was inconvenient.*

‘I never use the WAP service. There’s nothing worth accessing apart from the football results.’

*Customers commented that the WAP service had limited value.*